



ABSTRACT

A method of stabilizing a clayey geological formation surrounding a hydrocarbon well is described. It comprises the step of treating the formation with a first reactant and a second reactant, characterized in that a reaction of said first and said second reactant is essentially initiated in the presence of clayey material. The reaction can be characterized by substrate intercalation or condensation stabilization with no pH adjustment or stabilization through reaction of glycol with a carbonyl group containing second reactant or a reaction involving an epoxide ring opening under neutral or acidic conditions.